The Influence of Service Quality and Trust on User Loyalty through User

Satisfaction DANA in Jakarta

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Abstract

The rapid pace of technology has produced a new innovation in financial matters, namely

Financial Technology, which has also given rise to something new, namely digital transactions

or e-wallets. The aim of this research is to determine the effect of service quality and trust on

user loyalty through DANA user satisfaction in Jakarta. This research uses quantitative methods

with a research population of 100 people and data collection techniques using questionnaires.

The sampling technique used was purposive sampling. Data analysis in this research uses the

help of SmartPLS 4. The results of the research are that service quality has a positive and

insignificant influence on user loyalty, there is a positive and significant influence between

service quality and user satisfaction, there is a positive and significant influence between trust

and user loyalty, there is positive and significant influence between trust and user satisfaction,

the influence between user satisfaction and user loyalty is positive and not significant, service

quality through user satisfaction has a positive and not significant influence on user loyalty, and

trust and user loyalty through user satisfaction is positive and not significant.

Keyword: Service Quality; Trust; User Satisfaction; User Loyalty; E-wallet; Dana

1. Introduction

The rapid growth of technology and the internet has a positive impact on humans, namely facilitating communication between humans, sharing information or data, and can make it easier to meet various kinds of human needs. The rapid pace of technology has produced a new innovation in terms of transactions, namely digital transactions using e-wallets. E-wallet is an application that functions as a storage place for electronic money that allows users to make electronic transactions and payments safely and efficiently.

One of the popular e-wallets in Indonesia is DANA, which was developed by a legal entity, PT Espay Debit Indonesia Koe in 2018. Based on data published in Populix, 2022 DANA occupies the second position as the most widely used e-wallet in Indonesia. Although DANA is the most widely used by the community, it has not met the satisfaction of its users. This can be seen in the reviews written by consumers of the DANA application on the Play Store. Based on this report, it is important to understand how the factors of service quality, user trust, and user satisfaction can influence people in using the DANA e-wallet, and also the user loyalty factor which acts as a mediator in this relationship.

The purpose of this study is to investigate the correlation between service quality, user trust, user satisfaction, and user loyalty. The results of this study are expected to be a guide for DANA and other similar companies in order to be even better in their service quality, user trust, user satisfaction, and user loyalty.

2. Literature Review

2.1. Service Quality

Heryanti, 2023 defines quality as an effort made by the company to make continuous quality improvements to the processes produced, while service is one of the offering activities carried out by one party to another and does not result in ownership. According to Nugraha et al., 2021 explains that service quality is an assessment or evaluation given by customers who have used goods or services.

According to Prishellya & Aulia, 2021 quality is considered the main factor to outperform other companies. A situation where the company can provide quality products or services, that is when the company has succeeded in creating opportunities for customer satisfaction. If the service provided by the service provider can be accepted by the customer, then

the quality of the service is good and vice versa if the service provided is not acceptable and below customer expectations, then the quality of service can be said to be poor (Naufal, 2023).

2.2. Trust

Trust is the most important aspect in the business world, if customers believe in the goods or services provided by the company, then customers will return to use these goods or services (T. P. Nugraha et al., 2021). According to Rodiah & Melati, 2020 trust is defined as the belief that the trusted party will fulfill all his obligations in accordance with his expectations.

According to Boonlertvanich, 2018 in Ralya, 2020 trust is defined as customer confidence that the company will meet its needs without doing things that can cause unpleasant results. According to Radionova-Girsa, 2017 trust will increase online consumer loyalty, therefore banks need to increase options and types of transactions in order to attract the attention of new consumers and maintain the trust, satisfaction and loyalty of users of these products or services.

Consumers always feel anxious when transacting online due to behaviors such as improper information dissemination, privacy violations, and monitoring of transactions by unauthorized parties. So when users believe that the application used is safe and reliable, users tend to feel safe and satisfied when using the application (Siti A, 2022).

2.3. User Satisfaction

According to Rahayu & Faulina, 2022 satisfaction is a feeling of pleasure or disappointment when comparing a product or service with the expected level of satisfaction. According to Mahendri & Sholiha, 2022 defines satisfaction as a positive or negative reaction of consumers to products or services. This satisfaction includes customer loyalty, retaining customers over a long period of time, and increasing positive customer reputation.

Activities carried out by the company to facilitate consumers to assess the appropriate product or service constitute user satisfaction. The highest level of user satisfaction is the main goal of marketing. Users are more likely to reuse a product or service if they are satisfied with the service that consumers get when carrying out the transaction process. Emotional feelings such as anger, dissatisfaction, neutral, joy, and pleasure reflect the level of consumer satisfaction (Derdameza, 2023).

According to Zhong & Moon, 2020 customer satisfaction has a positive impact on the company's economic growth and stability. When the level of customer satisfaction is high, their loyalty to the product or service used increases. This high customer satisfaction also plays an important role in supporting the company's progress and its ability to compete in a competitive industry (Zu et al., 2020).

2.4. User Loyalty

Priansa, 2017 in Sitohang & Saragih, 2021 explains that consumer loyalty is a long-term relationship between customers and the company, which is shown in loyal behavior and attitudes towards the company and its products through repeated consumption. Kotler & Armstrong, 2018 defines loyalty as the main key to increasing profits and long-term company growth. Consumer loyalty can be built through positive customer experiences with goods or services and effective communication with customers.

According to Liani & Yusuf, 2021 consumer loyalty is the loyalty of users to use the application regularly and repeatedly and make online transactions in the future without being influenced by competitors' marketing, and users feel that they want to advise others to use the application. Loyal customers are very beneficial for online companies considering the amount of competition that occurs. According to Melaning & Giantari in Siti, 2022 user loyalty is created due to the high performance of the company to generate satisfaction by minimizing complaints.

3. Material and Method

3.1. Design Study

This research uses quantitative methods. The sample technique used is a non-probability sampling technique with purposive sampling, with the criteria that have used or are using DANA digital wallets and live in Jakarta. The number of samples determined was 100 respondents. The information collection methods applied in this study include primary data and secondary data. Primary data was obtained by sending questionnaires online using Google Form. Secondary data was obtained through books, journals, articles, expert opinions, theses, and several other references that have relevance to this research. The measuring scale implemented in this research is a likert scale. The data analysis technique used in this research is Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) analysis with SmartPLS version 4.

3.2. Data Analysis

After compiling the research instrument, the next step is to distribute the questionnaire form online through social media. After obtaining the number of samples, the data was analyzed using SEM PLS using the help of SmartPLS version 4. PLS-SEM is used in this study for two tests: the outer model and the inner model. Outer model consists of convergent validity, discriminant validity, and reliability test. Inner model consists of R-Square and F-Square. The research model can be seen as follows:

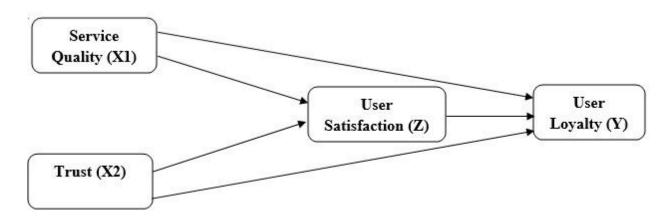


Figure 1. Research Model

4. Result

Respondents in this study are people who have used or are using DANA e-wallet and live in Jakarta with a total of 100 respondents. The characteristics of the respondents in this study are as follows:

Tabel 1.	Characteristics	Respond	lents
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Characteristics of Respondents		Frequency	Percentages
Gender	Male	20	20%
	Female	80	80%
Age	17-23 years old	76	76%
	24-29 years old	18	18%
	> 29 years old	6	6%

Job	Student	59	59%
	Teacher/Lecturer	4	4%
	Public Servant	7	7%
	Private Employee	27	27%
	SOE Employee	1	1%
	Self-employed	1	1%
	Others	1	1%
Domicile	Jakarta Barat	26	26%
	Jakarta Pusat	15	15%
	Jakarta Selatan	29	29%
	Jakarta Timur	16	16%
	Jakarta Utara	14	14%
User of e-wallet DANA	Yes	100	100%
	No	0	0%
Average usage of DANA for	1-3 times	50	50%
one week	4-6 times	38	38%
	7-10 times	6	6%
	> 10 times	6	6%

Based on the table above, it can be seen that DANA users are dominated by women with 80 respondents. DANA digital wallet users are dominated by the age range 17-23 years with a total of 76. Then as many as 59 respondents were dominated by students / students who mostly live in South Jakarta, seen in the table there are 29 respondents who live in South Jakarta. The most average respondents use DANA in one week is 1-3 uses with a total of 50 respondents.

Tabel 2. Outer Loading

	Service Quality	Trust	User Loyalty	User Satisfaction
Service Quality1	0.844			
Service Quality2	0.776			
Service Quality3	0.767			
Service Quality4	0.875			

Service Quality5	0.876			
Service Quality6	0.814			
Service Quality7	0.885			
Trust1		0.738		
Trust2		0.839		
Trust3		0.887		
Trust4		0.904		
Trust5		0.909		
User Loyalty1			0.794	
User Loyalty2			0.897	
User Loyalty3			0.865	
User Loyalty4			0.757	
User Satisfaction1				0.857
User Satisfaction2				0.873
User Satisfaction3				0.874
User Satisfaction4				0.905
User Satisfaction5				0.910

Based on the calculation results, it can be seen that the indicators of the variables of service quality, trust, user loyalty, and user satisfaction have a value> 0.70 so it can be concluded that all indicators are qualified and valid.

Tabel 3. Average Variance Extracted

	Average Variance Extracted (AVE)		
Service Quality	0.697		
Trust	0.736		
User Loyalty	0.689		
User Satisfaction	0.781		

Based on the results above, it can be seen that each variable has an Average Variance Extracted (AVE) value> 0.50 so that discriminant validity is valid.

Tabel 4. Fornell Larcker Criterion

	Service Quality	Trust	User Loyalty	User Satisfaction
Service Quality	0.835			
Trust	0.472	0.858		
User Loyalty	0.356	0.463	0.830	
User Satisfaction	0.432	0.480	0.416	0.884

In the table above, it can be seen that the fornell larcker criterion value of each variable is greater than the fornell larcker criterion correlation with other variables so that discriminant validity is fulfilled.

Tabel 5. Composite Reliability

	Cuanhashia Alaha	Composite	Composite
	Cronbach's Alpha	Reliability (rho_a)	Reliability (rho_c)
Service Quality	0.928	0.948	0.941
Trust	0.910	0.929	0.933
User Loyalty	0.848	0.854	0.898
User Satisfaction	0.930	0.930	0.947

Based on the data processing above, each variable in this study can be declared reliable because the Cronbach's alpha and composite reliability values are> 0.7 and the rho A value is> 0.6.

Tabel 6. R-Square

	R-Square	R-Square Adjusted
User Loyalty	0.273	0.250
User Satisfaction	0.285	0.270

The table above shows that the R-Square value on user loyalty has a value of 0.273 (moderate), meaning that user loyalty can be explained by service quality and trust through user satisfaction. Then the user satisfaction variable has an R-Square value of 0.285 (moderate), meaning that user satisfaction can be explained by service quality and trust.

Tabel 7. F-Square

	Service Quality	Trust	User Loyalty	User Satisfaction
Service Quality			0.014	0.076
Trust			0.085	0.138
User Loyalty				
User Satisfaction			0.047	

Based on the results of the F-Square test, it is found that the effect of service quality on user loyalty is 0.014, meaning that the influence between the two variables is moderate, then the effect of service quality on user satisfaction is 0.076, meaning that the influence between the two variables is moderate. The effect between trust and user loyalty is 0.085, meaning that the influence between the two variables is moderate, then the effect of trust with user satisfaction is 0.138, meaning that the influence between the two variables is moderate. Furthermore, the effect of user satisfaction with user loyalty is 0.047, meaning that the influence between the two variables is moderate.

Tabel 8. Direct Effect and Indirect Effect Testing Results

Influence	T statistics (O/STDEV)	P Values
Service Quality → User Loyalty	1.073	0.283
Service Quality → User Satisfaction	2.692	0.007
Trust → User Loyalty	2.429	0.015
Trust → User Satisfaction	3.255	0.001
User Satisfaction → User Loyalty	1.460	0.144
Service Quality → User Satisfaction → User Loyalty	1.131	0.258
Trust → User Satisfaction → User Loyalty	1.133	0.257

Based on the table above, it shows that the path coefficient of the service quality variable on user loyalty is positive 0.120, t-statistic 1.073 < 1.96 and p-value 0.283 > 0.05, meaning that this shows an insignificant influence between service quality and user loyalty, so H1 is rejected. The path coefficient of the service quality variable on user satisfaction is positive 0.264, t-

statistic 2.692 > 1.96 and p-value 0.007 < 0.05, which means that it shows a significant influence between service quality and user satisfaction, so H2 is accepted. The path coefficient of the trust variable on user loyalty is positive 0.301, t-statistic 2.429 > 1.96 and p-value 0.015 < 0.05, which means that this shows a significant influence between the trust variable and user loyalty, so it can be concluded that H3 is accepted. The path coefficient of trust on user satisfaction is positive 0.356, t-statistic 3.255 > 1.96 and p-value 0.001 < 0.05, meaning that this shows a significant influence between the trust variable and user satisfaction, so it can be concluded that H4 is accepted. The path coefficient of user satisfaction on user loyalty is positive 0.220, t-statistic 1.460 < 1.96 and p-value 0.144 > 0.05, which means that it shows an insignificant influence between user satisfaction and user loyalty, so it is concluded that H5 is rejected.

Then the indirect effect produces a path coefficient of service quality on user loyalty through positive user satisfaction, which is 0.058, t-statistic 1.131 < 1.96 and p-value 0.258 > 0.05, which means it shows an insignificant effect, so it shows H6 is rejected. The path coefficient value of trust on user loyalty through positive user satisfaction is 0.078, t-statistic 1.133 < 1.96 and p-value 0.257 > 0.05, which means it shows an insignificant effect, so it is concluded that H7 is rejected.

5. Discussions

In this study, it was found that several hypotheses were rejected. In this case there are several reasons that can strengthen the hypothesis, such as users feel that the quality provided by the DANA e-wallet cannot be felt by them, the DANA e-wallet has not been maximized in prioritizing user satisfaction so that user loyalty cannot be built, service quality variables and user satisfaction that cannot affect user loyalty variables, and user trust built by DANA is so low that users become dissatisfied.

This is also reinforced by several previous studies that have similar hypothesis results, including the research of Syahidah & Aransyah, 2023 which reveals that service quality variables have a positive and insignificant effect on consumer loyalty, Aini, 2023 which shows that the relationship between satisfaction and loyalty is positive but insignificant, Qomarsyah et al., 2023 which has the results of research on service quality through customer satisfaction has no positive effect on customer loyalty, and Aprileny et al., 2022 which shows the results of research on trust variables on customer loyalty through customer satisfaction is not significant.

6. Conclusion, Implication, and Recommendation

Based on the data analysis and discussion described above, the following conclusions are obtained:

- 1. Service quality has a positive and insignificant effect on user loyalty, this shows that the quality provided by DANA digital wallets cannot be felt by consumers or users.
- 2. Service quality has a positive and significant effect on user satisfaction, this shows that when users get good service, they will feel satisfied in using a product or service, in this case DANA.
- 3. Trust has a positive and significant effect on the loyalty of DANA digital wallet users, meaning that users will not switch to another brand of product or service if they already trust a certain brand, in this case DANA.
- 4. Trust has a positive and significant influence on user satisfaction, in this case DANA can convince its users so that respondents feel satisfied with the trust system built by DANA.
- 5. User satisfaction has a positive and insignificant effect on user loyalty, this is because DANA has not been maximized in prioritizing user satisfaction so that user loyalty cannot be built.
- 6. Service quality on user loyalty through user satisfaction has a positive and insignificant effect, this is due to two direct influences that cannot affect the user loyalty variable, namely service quality and user satisfaction.
- 7. Trust in user loyalty through user satisfaction has a positive and insignificant effect, this is because the trust of DANA digital wallet users is so low that users are not satisfied and satisfaction can also be a factor in influencing user loyalty.

This research has several implications that can affect DANA, the community, and researchers including the following:

- 1. DANA can use this research to focus more on improving aspects of their services, such as transaction speed, ease of use of the application, and responsive customer support.
- 2. Trust can be built by holding educational programs and clear communication campaigns about security and privacy so that it can help strengthen user trust.

- 3. Regular measurement of user satisfaction through surveys and direct feedback can provide valuable insights for service improvement. Providing features that suit user needs and resolving complaints quickly will also increase user satisfaction levels.
- 4. Increase public awareness and understanding of the benefits and use of digital wallets and encourage more people to switch from cash to digital transactions, which are more efficient and secure.
- 5. This research can be a reference for other researchers who want to further explore the factors that influence digital wallet user loyalty. Further research can examine additional variables such as service price, feature innovation, and risk perception.

Based on the data analysis, discussion, and conclusions that have been explained, there are several suggestions that can be considered, namely as follows:

1. For Further Researchers

Future researchers who will continue this research are expected to add relevant variables to this study, use a wider population and sample, and increase references in order to produce better research and can support the topic to be studied.

2. For the Company

Companies should be able to improve and maintain service quality, trust, and user loyalty so that user satisfaction can arise properly. One way to improve it is that DANA can continue to innovate in providing services and features contained in the application, then maximize the system in the DANA digital wallet so that users feel satisfied and will not switch to competing products.

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